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the sanitary condition of the ship was good and all on board well, and of the local Japanese health department, from which daily reports are received as to the prevalence of contagious and infectious diseases and the general sanitary condition of the port. The health department report of the date of the bill of health states that Hiogo (Kobe) is absolutely free from quarantinable disease—in fact, the last case of smallpox reported was on the 1st day of October, 1895.

In view of the fact that the vessel named is en route for a port of the United States, this statement is made that the Department of State may be put in possession of the information. I have also directed the attention of the Japanese authorities to the matter.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JAMES F. CONNELLY,
Consul.

HON. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town.*—Two weeks ended January 31, 1896. Estimated population, 1,472. One death. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended January 30, 1896. Estimated population, 3,900. No deaths.

BERMUDA.—Week ended January 24, 1896. Estimated population, 15,013. One death. No deaths from contagious disease.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton.*—Month of January, 1896. Estimated poplation, 50,000. Total deaths, 52, including phthisis pulmonalis, 4; enteric fever, 3; scarlet fever, 1; and diphtheria, 1.

CUBA—*Habana.*—Under date of February 8, 1896, the United States sanitary inspector reports as follows:

There were 534 deaths in this city during the month of January, 1896. Ten of those deaths were caused by yellow fever, 14 by enteric fever, 6 by so-called pernicious fever, 7 by paludal fever, 1 by diphtheria, 22 by enteritis, 8 by dysentery, 12 by smallpox, 19 by pneumonia, and 7 by the grippe.

During the week ended February 6 there were 131 deaths. Four of them were caused by yellow fever, with approximately 10 new cases; 3 were caused by enteric fever, 3 by so-called pernicious fever, 1 by diphtheria, 12 by enteritis, 1 by dysentery, 1 by smallpox, 1 by measles, and 8 by pneumonia.

The 4 deaths by yellow fever during the week occurred in the military hospital.

FRANCE—*Roubaix.*—Month of December, 1895. Estimated population, 120,000. Total deaths, 221, including scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 6; measles, 5; and whooping cough, 2.

Rouen.—Month of December, 1895. Estimated population, 111,847. Total deaths, 235, including phthisis pulmonalis, 29; enteric fever, 3; scarlet fever, 1; measles, 1; croup, 8; and whooping cough, 1.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales.*—The deaths registered in 33 great towns of England and Wales during the week ended January 25 correspond to an annual rate of 18.8 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 10,860,971. The lowest rate was recorded in Cardiff, viz, 12.2, and the highest in Salford, viz, 25 a thousand.

London.—One thousand five hundred and eighty-two deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 86; scarlet fever, 26; diphtheria, 51; whooping cough, 64; enteric fever, 17; and diarrhea and dysentery, 7. The deaths from all causes corresponded to an annual rate of 18.6 a thousand. In greater London 2,005 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 17 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 9 from diphtheria, 8 from scarlet fever, 9 from measles, and 14 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended January 23 in the 16 principal town districts of Ireland was 25.2 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Kilkenny, viz, 9.4, and the highest in Newry, viz, 36.2 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 184 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 6; scarlet fever, 1; and whooping cough, 1.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended January 25 corresponded to an annual rate of 20.1 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,518,347. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 15.4, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 29.3 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 586, including measles, 9; scarlet fever, 3; diphtheria, 4; and whooping cough, 29.